

* Factoring and Expanding Review *

Warmup: Remark, * To simplify a rational expression

- Step 1. Factor numerator } "With an eye to
 Step 2. Factor denominator. } "remove" a common factor
 Step 3. Divide common factor to one or two."

These are great applications of factoring. You will study them in grade 11 too

Ex. Simplify

a) $\frac{12x^2}{15x}$
 Sol'n = $\frac{3x(4x)}{3x(5)}$ ← factored numer, factored denom
 = $\frac{4x}{5}$, tidy up

b) $\frac{-6m^2n^3}{24mn^5}$
 Sol'n = $\frac{6mn^3(-1m)}{6mn^3(4n^2)}$
 = $\frac{-1m}{4n^2}$, simplified

c) $\frac{x^2-5x-6}{x^2-36}$
 Sol'n = $\frac{(x-6)(x+1)}{(x-6)(x+6)}$ ← factor, factor
 = $\frac{x+1}{x+6}$, divided.

d) $\frac{4a^2-10}{a-3b} \times \frac{2a^2-18b^2}{6a^2-15}$

Sol'n = $\frac{2(2a^2-5)}{a-3b} \times \frac{2(a^2-9b^2)}{3(2a^2-5)}$ "factor-factor, divide common factor"
 = $\frac{2}{a-3b} \times \frac{2(a-3b)(a+3b)}{3}$ "factor"
 = $\frac{4(a+3b)}{3}$, divided common factor

e) $\frac{x^2+x-2}{x^2-x}$

Sol'n = $\frac{(x+2)(x-1)}{x(x-1)}$ factor, factor
 = $\frac{x+2}{x}$, divide

Remark: You should know and apply Toolkit #3 list. Let's try a few examples.
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Ex. Factor.

a) $3ax-4x+6ay-8y$

Sol'n = $x(3a-4) + 2y(3a-4)$
 = $(3a-4)(x+2y)$

Group Factoring

b) $n^2-3n-40$

Sol'n = $(n-8)(n+5)$

Sum and Product Factoring

c) $12x^2-15x-18$

Sol'n = $3(4x^2-5x-6)$, Common Factor
 = $3(4x+3)(x-2)$, "Tricky Tri"

a	c
2	4
2	1
3	-3
-2	2

↪

Ex 2 Expand and simplify

a) $(3x-y)^2$

Sol'n = $(3x-y)(3x-y)$
= $9x^2 - 3xy - 3xy + y^2$, FOIL
= $9x^2 - 6xy + y^2$, Collected like terms

b) $(3x+y)(3x-y)$

Sol'n = $9x^2 - 3xy + 3xy - y^2$, FOIL
= $9x^2 - y^2$, Collected likes

P 174 # (1-9) every other letter

(11-13) ac

(15, 16, 19, 20, 22-24) every other letter

Enrichment * Optional

W.S. "Simplifying Rational Expressions"

Unit 3 – Toolkit – Polynomials: Factoring & Expanding**Toolkit aka Smartsheet design.**

You should know and apply the following:

- Binomial products using the distributive property or FOIL.
i.e. $(a + b)(c + d) = ac + ad + bc + bd$
- “Square, Double the product of the two terms, Square” pattern as a unique efficient binomial product.
i.e. $(a \pm b)^2 = a^2 \pm 2ab + b^2$
- Unique binomial product of sum and difference binomials aka “First and Last” pattern.
 $(a + b)(a - b) = a^2 - b^2$
- Common factor first
Ex. $2x^2 - 18 = 2(x^2 - 9)$
- Group factoring.
- Sum and product trinomial factoring.
i.e. $ax^2 + bx + c$, if $a = 1$
- Tricky trinomial factoring using either the decomposition process or the guess and check process.
i.e. $ax^2 + bx + c$, if $a \neq 1$
- Factoring a difference of two squares.
i.e. $(a)^2 - (b)^2 = (a + b)(a - b)$

Simplifying Rational Expressions Application of Factoring Polynomials

1. Simplify.

a) $\frac{2x^2 - 18}{4x + 12}$

b) $\frac{3x^2 - 24x + 36}{2x^2 - x - 6}$

c) $\frac{5x^2 - 25x}{3x^3 - 75x}$

d) $\frac{x^2 + 5x - 24}{-3 + x}$

e) $\frac{-x^2 + 8x - 16}{x^3 - 4x^2}$

f) $\frac{49x - x^3}{7 - 6x - x^2}$

g) $\frac{a^2 + 11ab + 18b^2}{a^2b + 9ab^2}$

h) $\frac{15a^5b(5 + a)}{6a^2b^3(a + 5)}$

i) $\frac{4a^3b^4(a^2 + 4a - 12)}{28a^4b^4(6 + a)}$

j) $\frac{a^4 - 8a^3b}{a^3 - 64ab^2}$

k) $\frac{4a^2 + 8ab - 12b^2}{6a^2 - 12ab + 6b^2}$

l) $\frac{10a^3b + 10a^2b}{4a^2b^3 + 2ab^3}$

Answers:

a) $\frac{(x-3)}{2}$

b) $\frac{3(x-6)}{(2x+3)}$

c) $\frac{5}{3(x+5)}$

d) $(x+8)$

e) $\frac{-(x-4)}{x^2}$

f) $\frac{x(x-7)}{(x-1)}$

g) $\frac{(a+2b)}{ab}$

h) $\frac{5a^3}{2b^2}$

i) $\frac{(a-2)}{7a}$

j) $\frac{a^2}{(a+8b)}$

k) $\frac{2(a+3b)}{3(a-b)}$

l) $\frac{5a(a+1)}{b^2(2a+1)}$